Sustainability in producing high-quality pearls

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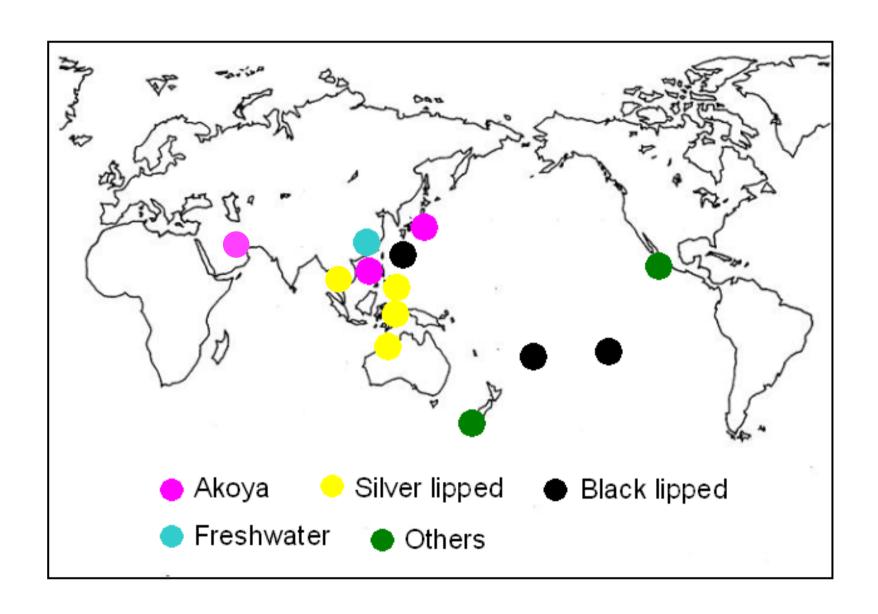


Kokichi Mikimito

1893

Akoya hemispherical cultured pearl







New challenge of MIKIMOTO

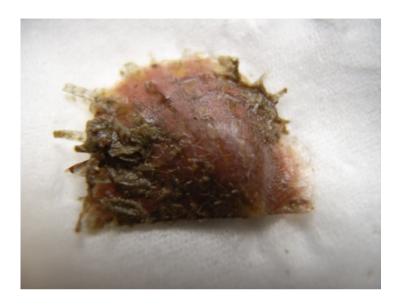
- 1. Sustainability of high quality pearl production.
- 2. Quality oriented (Production of small amount of high quality pearl).
- 3. Technique intensive pearl culturing (introduction of gene technology).
- 4. Attention to oyster resources and farm environment (Zero emission).

Ainoshima new pearl farm



Ainoshima pearl culturing

- 1. Use only naturally spawned 100%Japanese Akoya oyster.
- 2. Once oysters needed for pearl culturing are secured, the rests are returned to the sea.
- 3. More than two year culturing.
- 4. Zero emission.
- 5. Application of local young manpower.



Naturally spawned oyster



Common size L:8cm

H:8cm

Ainoshima L:10.5cm

H:12.5cm

First harvest in Ainoshima in 2013







Conclusion

- 1. The product "Pearl" is the same, but the way of culturing should be changed.
- 2. Production of small amount or high quality pearls possessing rarity value.
- 3. From "Labor intensive pearl culturing" to "Technique intensive pearl culturing".
- 4. Careful consideration to oyster resources and farm environment.
- 5. Education to foster true pearl lovers.

Thank you for attention

